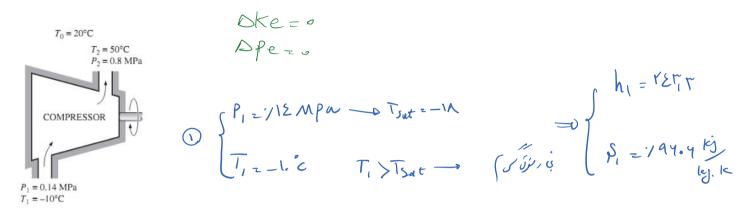
Tuesday, June 01, 2021 8:31 AM



$$\begin{cases} Pr = \frac{1}{N} \text{ Mya} \\ T_r = 50^{2} c \end{cases} \qquad \begin{cases} h_1 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{1}{N} \frac{1}$$

 $X_{r} \implies \Delta X = X_{r} - X_{l} = (h_{r} - h_{l}) - T.(s_{r} - f_{l}) + \frac{v_{r} - v_{l}}{v_{l}} + \frac{g(2r - 2_{l})}{v_{l}}$ $= (r_{l} + f_{l} - r_{l} + f_{l}) - (r_{l} + r_{l} + r_{l})(r_{l} - q_{l} - q_{l})$ $= v_{l} q \quad k_{l} / k_{$

· N

10

4=0

 $\int_{\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \int_{\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \int_{\infty}^{\infty}$

انتقال آ نتربی: ترسط گرا-جری انتقال اکسرری تولط گرا-جری - کار

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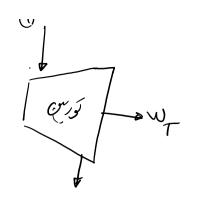
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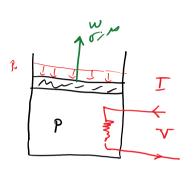
$$\mathcal{I} = \frac{\omega}{\varphi} \Rightarrow (1 - \frac{\Gamma}{\tau}) = \frac{\omega}{\varphi} \rightarrow \omega = (1 - \frac{\Gamma}{\tau}) \varphi$$

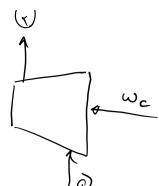
$$X = \omega = (1 - \frac{T}{T}) \varphi$$

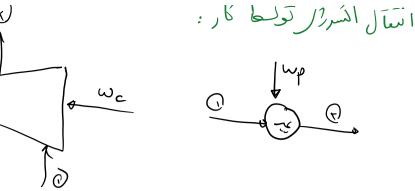


انتال السرار توليط كار:









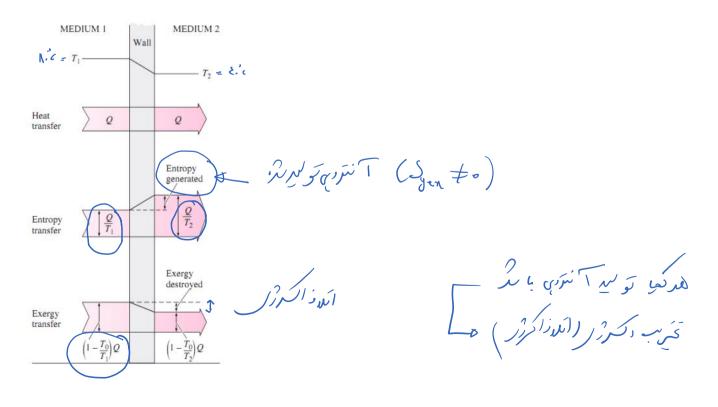
$$X = \begin{cases} W - W \\ A \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} W - W \\ W \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} W - W \\ W \end{cases}$$

$$|W = P_o(V_T - V_I)$$

$$= m P_o(V_T - V_I)$$



$$\psi = (h-h_0) - T_0(S-S_0) + \sqrt{\tau} + \sqrt[9]{2}$$

$$(ki)/\sqrt{\kappa}$$

$$V=m[h-h.]-mTo(S-S,)+mV+mo$$
(10)

$$\frac{\dot{V}}{160/s} = m \left[(h - h_0) - T_0(s - S_0) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}} e \partial t \right] \frac{\dot{K}}{s}$$

No heat, work or mass transfer

Isolated system

 $\Delta X_{\text{isolated}} \leq 0$

 $(\text{or } X_{\text{destroyed}} \ge 0)$

$$\Delta X \longrightarrow \Delta X = 0 \longrightarrow \int u dx dx$$
 (4)

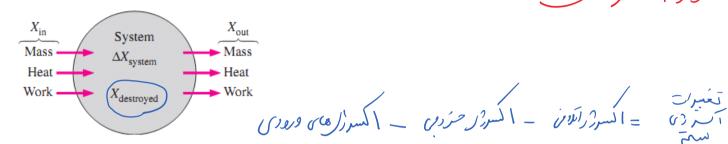
$$X_{\text{sul}} = f(s_{\text{gen}}) \implies X_{\text{sul}} = T_{\text{e}} S_{\text{gen}}$$

$$K_{\text{sul}} = K_{\text{sul}} = K_{\text$$









صوارنه المسرر

FIGURE 8-32

Mechanisms of exergy transfer.

$$\dot{X}_{in} - \dot{X}_{out} - \dot{X}_{out} = \Delta \dot{X}$$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x} & = T. & \text{Sen} \\ \dot{x} & = T. & \text{Sen} \\ \dot{x} & = T. & \text{Sen} \end{cases}$$

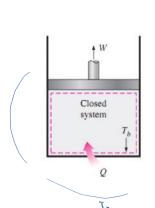
صوارم اکسرار بری ستی های نسبی:

$$X_{\text{work}}$$
 W
 ΔX_{system}
 $X_{\text{destroyed}}$
 $X_{\text{destroyed}}$

$$(1-\frac{T_{\bullet}}{T_{k}})\cdot Q - [W-P_{\bullet}(V-V_{\bullet})] - T_{\bullet} S_{\text{gen}} = X_{r} - X_{1}$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{T}{T_{0}}\right) \left(Q - \left[W_{ev} - P_{e}\left(V - V_{o}\right)\right] = X_{T} - X_{1}$$

موازم کل اکرار سیم هی بیم:



$$\int_{1}^{r} \frac{\delta e}{T} - o + \beta_{en} = \beta_{r} - \beta_{r}$$

T.
$$\int_{1}^{1} \frac{\delta \alpha}{\delta \alpha} + T_{0} \beta_{00/N} = T_{0} (\beta_{1} - \beta_{1})$$

$$\begin{cases} Q - W = E_r - E_l \\ -T_o \int_1^r \frac{\delta Q}{T} + T_o \beta_{sen} = T_o (S_r - \beta_l) \end{cases}$$

$$Q - T. \int_{1}^{1} \frac{\delta e}{T} - W - T. S_{gen} = (E_r - E_1) - T. (S_r - S_1)$$

$$\int_{1}^{r} 8\varphi - T. \int_{1}^{r} \frac{8\varphi}{T} - W - T. S_{yen} = \left[\left(E_{r} - E_{l} \right) - T. \left(S_{r} - S_{l} \right) \right]$$

$$\int_{1}^{r} \left(1 - \frac{T_{o}}{T}\right) \delta \varphi - \left[W - P_{o}\left(V_{r} - V_{I}\right)\right] - \overline{1} \cdot S_{y + n} = \left(E_{r} - E_{I}\right) + P_{o}\left(V_{r} - V_{I}\right) - \overline{1} \cdot \left(S_{r} - S_{I}\right) + \overline{1} \cdot \left(S_{r} - S_{I$$

18 Un 6 1 /2/1

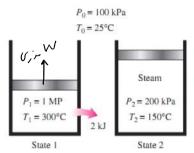


كلا الزير والرزل =

EXAMPLE 8-11 Exergy Destruction during Expansion of Steam

A piston–cylinder device contains 0.05 kg of steam at 1 MPa and 300°C. Steam now expands to a final state of 200 kPa and 150°C, doing work. Heat losses from the system to the surroundings are estimated to be 2 kJ during this process. Assuming the surroundings to be at $T_0=25$ °C and $P_0=100$ kPa,

determine (a) the exergy of the steam at the initial and the final states, (b) the exergy change of the steam, (c) the exergy destroyed, and (d) the second-law efficiency for the process.



$$\left(\sum_{r=1}^{\beta} \sum_{r=1}^{\beta}$$

$$X_{1} = m \left[(u_{1} - u_{0}) - T_{0} (s_{1} - s_{0}) + P_{0} (v_{1} - v_{0}) \right]$$

ا لسرر السم درجالات ادیم و ثانوم

= 1.0 [(1.5/2 - 1.8/1/) - (1/4/6x) - (1/4/6x) - (1/4/6x) - (1/4/6x)] doll = 1.0 [1/4/6x]

$$X_{Y} = m \left[(u_{Y} - u_{x}) - T. (S_{1} - S.) + P. (U_{7} - U_{0}) \right] = Y \delta_{1} \times K d$$

$$\Delta X = X_{1} - X_{1} = Y_{0} = Y_{0} = A_{1} \times A_{1} = X_{1}$$

$$\Delta X = X_{1} - X_{1} = m \left[(u_{1} - u_{1}) - T_{0} (S_{1} - S_{1}) + P_{0} (O_{1} - Q_{1}) \right]$$

$$= r/\Delta \left[(r_{0} v_{1} A - v_{1} r_{1} r_{1}) - (r_{0} + r_{1} r_{2}) (v_{1} r_{1} a_{0} - v_{1} r_{1} r_{1}) \right] = -9_{1} q_{1} q_{1}^{2}$$

$$+ (e_{0} (./4) q_{1} q_{1} - ./r_{0} v_{1})$$

درمای زا تبر به توان و ۱۲۴۶ کار میشر دو لیردرد. سی کار معربی فاهر میان فاهر می

$$X = T. Soen (16)/kg$$

$$X = m To Sgen (16)$$

$$X = m$$

Advanced Termodynamic Page 9

$$X = T. S_{gen} = (Y3 + Y3) (7.1287) = E_{17} Y_{3}$$

$$Y_{3} = Y_{3} = (Y3 + Y3) (7.1287) = E_{17} Y_{3}$$

$$\eta_{II} = \frac{(i \cdot v_{1}) \cdot (i \cdot v_{2})}{(x_{1} \cdot v_{1}) \cdot (x_{1} \cdot v_{2})} = \frac{(i \cdot v_{1}) \cdot (i \cdot v_{2})}{(x_{1} \cdot v_{2})} = \frac{4 \cdot 4 - \xi_{1} r}{4 \cdot 4} = \frac{36}{4 \cdot 4}$$

State 1

$$P_1 = 1 \text{ MP}$$
 $T_1 = 300^{\circ}\text{C}$
 $Y_1 = 1 \text{ MP}$
 $Y_2 = 1 \text{ MP}$
 $Y_3 = 1 \text{ MP}$
 $Y_4 = 1 \text{ MP}$
 $Y_4 = 1 \text{ MP}$
 $Y_5 = 1 \text{ MP}$
 $Y_7 = 1 \text{ MP}$

$$-(1-\frac{r_{8+r_{1}}}{r_{8+r_{1}}})(r)-[w_{n}-P_{s}(v_{1}-v_{1})]-\xi_{1}r=-9,4$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = -$$

موازن اکسر(ر رط

$$- [w_{ii} - p, (v_{i} - v_{i})] = - \delta_{i} q$$

$$- [w_{ii} - p, (v_{i} - v_{i})] = + \delta_{i} q =$$

$$- [w_{ii} - v_{i}] = + \delta_{i} q =$$

$$- [w_{ii} - v_{i}] = + \delta_{i} q =$$

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$$- [w_$$

$$DX = 9.4 \text{ Ft}$$

$$W = \Delta.4$$

$$W = \Delta.$$

EXAMPLE 8-12 Exergy Destroyed during Stirring of a Gas

An insulated rigid tank contains 2 lbm of air at 20 psia and 70°F. A paddle wheel inside the tank is now rotated by an external power source until the temperature in the tank rises to 130°F (Fig. 8–38). If the surrounding air is at $T_0 = 70$ °F, determine (a) the exergy destroyed and (b) the reversible work for this process.

10

$$T_0 = 70$$
°F

AIR

 $m = 2 \text{ lbm}$
 $P_1 = 20 \text{ psia}$
 $T_1 = 70$ °F

 W_{pw}

<

$$S_{in}^{N} - S_{out}^{N} + S_{gen} = S_{r} - S_{l}$$

$$S_{en} = S_{r} - S_{l}$$

$$S_{en} = S_{r} - S_{l} = C_{l} L_{N} \frac{T_{r}}{T_{l}} + R L_{N} \frac{V_{r}}{v_{l}} = C_{l} L_{N} \frac{T_{r}}{T_{l}} = 14.4 \text{ Bty}$$

$$X = T_{o} S_{gen} \longrightarrow X = m T_{o} S_{gen} = I_{X} d_{x} \times 1/vY L_{N} \frac{d_{y} - 14.4 \text{ Bty}}{d_{x} - 14.4 \text{ Bty}}$$

$$V_{inv} = I_{out} + S_{gen} = I_{X} d_{x} \times 1/vY L_{N} \frac{d_{y} - 14.4 \text{ Bty}}{d_{x} - 14.4 \text{ Bty}}$$

$$V_{inv} = I_{out} + S_{gen} = I_{X} d_{x} \times 1/vY L_{N} \frac{d_{y} - 14.4 \text{ Bty}}{d_{x} - 14.4 \text{ Bty}}$$

$$X_{in} - X_{out} - T_{yen} = X_{x} - X_{yen}$$

$$W_{red} - o = X_r - X_1$$

$$W_{\text{red}} - o = X_{\text{r}} - X_{\text{l}}$$

$$W_{\text{red}} = X_{\text{r}} - X_{\text{l}} = (W_{\text{r}} - W_{\text{l}}) + P \cdot (W_{\text{r}} - W_{\text{l}}) - T \cdot (S_{\text{r}} - S_{\text{l}}) + \frac{\Delta W}{T} + \frac{\partial \Delta Z}{T}$$

$$W_{\text{rew}} = X_{\text{r}} - X_{\text{l}} = (W_{\text{r}} - W_{\text{l}}) + P \cdot (W_{\text{r}} - W_{\text{l}}) - T \cdot (S_{\text{r}} - S_{\text{l}}) + \frac{\Delta W}{T} + \frac{\partial \Delta Z}{T}$$

$$W_{YW} = (U_X - U_1) - T_0 (S_Y - S_1) = C_{0107} (T_Y - T_1) - T_0 (S_Y - S_1)$$

$$\Rightarrow W_{red} = m C (T_{r} - T_{i}) - m T_{o} (S_{r} - S_{i})$$